

Hong Kong

What it produces, exports, imports and uses, among the commodities tracked here

Top-ten exporter of

Commodity	World rank	Share of world exports	Export value
Gold	4	6.1%	\$35.6 billion
Pistachios	5	1.3%	\$44.7 million
Platinum	5	5.5%	\$806.1 million
Iridium	6	3.2%	\$72.2 million
Antimony	8	1.9%	\$9.2 million

Of \$38.4 billion of tracked-commodity exports, 93% is gold, then platinum (2.1%).

Top-ten importer of: iridium (#2), eggs (#3), gold (#3), rhodium (#3), silver (#4), chromium (#5), platinum (#5), antimony (#8).

What it uses (FAO food balances, 2023)

Commodity	Domestic supply	kg per person	Self-sufficiency	Imported
Milk	559 thousand tonnes	67	<0.1%	126%
Wheat	412 thousand tonnes	53	<0.1%	113%
Rice	404 thousand tonnes	51	<0.1%	104%
Pork	375 thousand tonnes	46	35%	73%
Coffee	359 thousand tonnes	43	<0.1%	110%
Chicken	318 thousand tonnes	41	7.9%	108%

Single-supplier import markets

Hong Kong buys half or more of its imports from one country in 8 of 15 import markets of \$250 million or more: silver from China (78%); natural gas from China (85%); chicken from China (56%); coal from Indonesia (83%); palladium from Russia (56%).

Sources: FAOSTAT, USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries, Energy Institute Statistical Review (production); CEPII BACI (trade); FAOSTAT Food Balances (use). Ranks count only the commodities on this site. Cite as: Commodity Origins, "Hong Kong", <https://commodityorigins.com/countries/HKG/> (CC BY 4.0). Full page, sources and downloads: <https://commodityorigins.com/countries/HKG/>. Text is written with AI assistance and checked against the cited data; figures are computed from the sources (<https://commodityorigins.com/about/#how-ai-is-used>).