

Algeria

What it produces, exports, imports and uses, among the commodities tracked here

Top-ten producer of

Commodity	World rank	Share of world	Year
Dates	3	13%	2024
Helium	4	5.8%	2025
Lamb	6	3.2%	2024
Olive oil	9	3.1%	2023
Natural gas	10	2.3%	2025

Top-ten exporter of

Commodity	World rank	Share of world exports	Export value
Dates	6	6.8%	\$167.8 million
Natural gas	6	4.5%	\$21.6 billion
Urea	6	5%	\$1 billion
Phosphate rock	7	4.3%	\$224.7 million

Of \$36.2 billion of tracked-commodity exports, 60% is natural gas, then crude oil (37%).

Top-ten importer of: milk (#2), chickpeas (#5), lentils (#7), wheat (#8), sugar (#9).

What it uses (FAO food balances, 2023)

Commodity	Domestic supply	kg per person	Self-sufficiency	Imported
Wheat	9.8 million tonnes	171	30%	71%
Milk	7.2 million tonnes	145	46%	54%
Potatoes	4.7 million tonnes	59	98%	2.4%
Corn	4.2 million tonnes	14	0.3%	100%
Tomatoes	1.8 million tonnes	36	94%	6%
Sugar	1.8 million tonnes	28	<0.1%	108%

Single-supplier import markets

Algeria buys half or more of its imports from one country in 3 of 8 import markets of \$250 million or more: sugar from Brazil (100%); corn from Argentina (57%); steel from China (73%).

Sources: FAOSTAT, USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries, Energy Institute Statistical Review (production); CEPII BACI (trade); FAOSTAT Food Balances (use). Ranks count only the commodities on this site. Cite as: Commodity Origins, "Algeria", <https://commodityorigins.com/countries/DZA/> (CC BY 4.0). Full page, sources and downloads: <https://commodityorigins.com/countries/DZA/>. Text is written with AI assistance and checked against the cited data; figures are computed from the sources (<https://commodityorigins.com/about/#how-ai-is-used>).